

COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

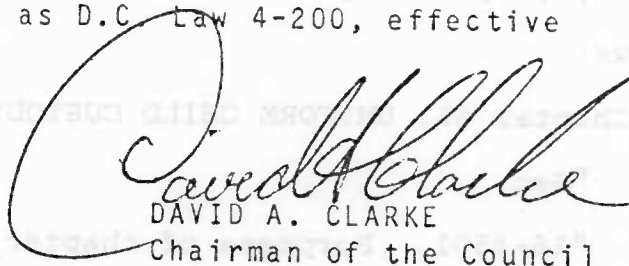
NOTICE

D.C. LAW 4-200

"District of Columbia Adoption of the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Marital or Parent and Child Long-Arm Jurisdiction Amendments Act of 1982".

Pursuant to Section 412 of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act, P. L. 93-198, "the Act", the Council of the District of Columbia adopted Bill No. 4-237 on first and second readings, November 16, 1982, and December 14, 1982, respectively. Following the signature of the Mayor on December 28, 1982, this legislation was assigned Act No. 4-284, published in the January 14, 1983, edition of the D.C. Register, (Vol. 30 page 125) and transmitted to Congress on January 7, 1983 for a 30-day review, in accordance with Section 602 (c)(1) of the Act.

The Council of the District of Columbia hereby gives notice that the 30-day Congressional Review Period has expired, and therefore, cites this enactment as D.C. Law 4-200, effective March 10, 1983.


DAVID A. CLARKE
Chairman of the Council

Dates Counted During the 30-day Congressional Review Period:

January	25,26,27,28,31
February	1,2,3,4,7,8,9,10,11,14,15,16,17,22,23,24,25,28
March	1,2,3,4,7,8,9

D.C. LAW 4 = 200

AN ACT

EFFECTIVE DATE MAR 10 1983

D.C. ACT 4-284

IN THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

DEC 28 1982

To adopt a uniform statute regarding the exercise of jurisdiction in matters affecting child custody; to provide long-arm jurisdiction over certain marital or parent and child relationships in the District of Columbia; and for other purposes.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, That this act may be cited as the "District of Columbia Adoption of the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Marital or Parent and Child Long-Arm Jurisdiction Amendments Act of 1982".

Sec. 2. Title 16 of the D.C. Code is amended as follows:

(1) by adding to the table of chapters the following chapter heading: "45. Uniform Child Custody Proceedings.....16-4501"; and

(2) by adding the following new chapter 45 to read as follows:

"Chapter 45. UNIFORM CHILD CUSTODY PROCEEDINGS

"Sec.

"16-4501. Purposes of chapter.

"16-4502. Definitions.

"16-4503. Exercise of jurisdiction.

"16-4504. Notice and opportunity to be heard.

"16-4505. Notice to persons outside of the

CODIFICATION
D.C. Code,
title 16,
new chapter 45

- District of Columbia;
submission to jurisdiction.
- "6-4506. Simultaneous proceedings in
other states.
- "16-4507. Inconvenient forum.
- "16-4508. Jurisdiction declined by
reason of conduct.
- "16-4509. Information under oath to be
submitted to the court.
- "16-4510. Additional parties.
- "16-4511. Appearance of parties
and the child.
- "16-4512. Binding force and res judicata
effect of custody decree.
- "16-4513. Recognition of out-of-state
custody decrees.
- "16-4514. Modification of custody decree
of another state.
- "16-4515. Filing and enforcement of custody
decree of another state.
- "16-4516. Registry of out-of-state decrees
and proceedings.
- "16-4517. Certified copies of custody decree.
- "16-4518. Taking testimony in another state.
- "16-4519. Hearings and studies in another state;
orders to appear.
- "16-4520. Assistance to courts of other states.
- "16-4521. Preservation of documents for

use in other states.

"16-4522. Request for court records
of another state.

"16-4523. International application.

"16-4524. Severability.

"16-4501. Purposes of chapter.

"(a) The general purposes of this chapter are to:

"(1) Avoid jurisdictional competition and
conflict with courts of other states in matters of child
custody which have in the past resulted in the shifting of
children from state to state with harmful effects on their
well-being;

"(2) Promote cooperation with the courts of other
states to the end that a custody decree is rendered in that
state which can best decide the case in the interest of the
child;

"(3) Assure that litigation concerning the
custody of a child takes place ordinarily in the state with
which the child and his or her family have the closest
connection and where significant evidence concerning the
child's care, protection, training, and personal
relationships is most readily available, and that courts of
the District decline the exercise of jurisdiction when the
child and his or her family have a closer connection with
another state;

"(4) Discourage continuing controversies over
child custody in the interest of greater stability of home

environment and of secure family relationships for the child;

"(5) Deter abductions and other unilateral removals of children undertaken to obtain custody awards;

"(6) Avoid relitigation of custody decisions of other states in the District insofar as feasible;

"(7) Facilitate the enforcement of custody decisions of other states;

"(8) Promote and expand the exchange of information and other forms of mutual assistance between the courts of the District and those of other states concerned with the same child; and

"(9) Make uniform the law of those states which enact it.

"(b) This chapter shall be construed to promote the general purposes stated in this section.

"Sec. 16-4502. Definitions.

"As used in this chapter, the term:

"(1) 'Custody determination' means a court decision and court orders and instructions providing for the custody of a child, including visitation rights. The term 'custody determination' does not include a decision relating to child support or any other monetary obligation of any person.

"(2) 'Custody proceeding' means proceedings in which a custody determination is one of several issues, such as action for divorce, adoption, or separation, and includes child neglect and dependency proceedings.

"(3) 'Decree' or 'custody decree' means a custody determination contained in a judicial decree or order made in a custody proceeding, and includes an initial decree and a modification decree.

"(5) 'District' means the District of Columbia.

"(6) 'Home state' means the state in which the child, immediately preceding the time involved, lived with his or her parents, a parent, or a person acting as parent, for at least 6 consecutive months, and in the case of a child less than 6 months old the state in which the child lived from birth with any of the persons mentioned. Periods of temporary absence of any of the named persons are counted as part of the 6-month or other period.

"(7) 'Initial decree' means the 1st custody decree concerning a particular child.

"(8) 'Modification decree' means a custody decree which modifies or replaces a prior decree, whether made by the court which rendered the prior decree or by another court.

"(9) 'Physical custody' means actual possession and control of a child.

"(10) 'Person acting as parent' means a person, other than a parent, who has physical custody of a child and who has either been awarded custody by a court or claims a right to custody.

"(11) 'Petitioner' means a person, including a parent, who claims a right to custody or visitation rights with respect to a child.

"(12) 'State' means any state, territory or possession of the United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the District of Columbia.

"(13) 'Superior Court' means the Superior Court of the District of Columbia.

"Sec. 16-4503. Exercise of jurisdiction.

"(a) The Superior Court may exercise its jurisdiction to make a child custody determination by initial or modification decree if:

"(1) The District (A) is the home state of the child at the time of commencement of the proceeding, or (B) had been the child's home state within 6 months before commencement of the proceeding and the child is absent from the District because of his or her removal or retention by a person claiming his or her custody or for other reasons, and a parent or person acting as parent continues to live in the District;

"(2) It is in the best interest of the child that the Superior Court assume jurisdiction because (A) the child and his or her parents, or the child and at least 1 petitioner, have a significant connection with the District, and (B) there is available in the District substantial evidence concerning the child's present or future care, protection, training, and personal relationships;

"(3) The child is physically present in the District and (A) the child has been abandoned, or (B) it is necessary in an emergency to protect the child because he or she has been subjected to or threatened with mistreatment or

abuse or is otherwise neglected or dependent; or

"(4)(A) It appears that no other state would have jurisdiction under prerequisites substantially in accordance with paragraphs (1), (2), or (3), or another state has declined to exercise jurisdiction on the ground that the District is the more appropriate forum to determine the custody of the child, and (B) it is in the best interest of the child that the Superior Court assume jurisdiction.

"(b) Except as provided in subsection (a)(3) and (4), physical presence in the District of the child or of the child and 1 of the petitioners is not sufficient alone to permit the exercise of jurisdiction by the Superior Court to make a child custody determination.

"(c) Physical presence of the child, while desirable, is not a prerequisite for jurisdiction to determine his or her custody.

"Sec. 16-4504. Notice and opportunity to be heard.

"Before making a decree under this chapter, reasonable notice and opportunity to be heard shall be given to the petitioners, any parent whose parental rights have not been previously terminated, and any person who has physical custody of the child. If any of these persons is outside the District, notice and opportunity to be heard shall be given pursuant to section 16-4505.

"Sec. 16-4505. Notice to persons outside the District; submission to jurisdiction.

"(a) Notice required for the exercise of jurisdiction over a person outside the District shall be given in a

manner reasonably calculated to give actual notice, and may be:

"(1) By personal delivery outside the District in the manner prescribed for service of process within the District;

"(2) In the manner prescribed by the law of the place in which service of process be made;

"(3) By any form of mail addressed to the person to be served and requesting a receipt; or

"(4) As directed by the Superior Court, including publication if other means of notification are ineffective.

"(b) Notice under this section shall be given at least 20 days before any hearing in the District.

"(c) If service is made by mail pursuant to subsection (a)(3), proof may be a receipt, signed by the addressee or other evidence of delivery to the addressee.

"(d) Proof of service outside the District may be made by affidavit of the individual who made the service, or in the manner prescribed by the law of the District, the order pursuant to which the service is made, or the law of the place in which the service is made. If service is made by mail, proof may be a receipt signed by the addressee or other evidence of delivery to the addressee.

"(e) Notice is not required if a person submits to the jurisdiction of the Superior Court.

"Sec. 16-4506. Simultaneous proceedings in other states.

"(a) The Superior Court shall not exercise its

jurisdiction under this chapter if at the time of filing the petition a proceeding concerning the custody of the child was pending in a court of another state exercising jurisdiction substantially in conformity with this chapter, unless the proceeding is stayed by the court of the other state because the District is a more appropriate forum or for other reasons.

"(b) Before hearing the petition in a custody proceeding the Superior Court shall examine the pleadings and other information supplied by the parties under section 16-4509 and shall consult the child custody registry established under section 16-4516 concerning the pendency of proceedings with respect to the child in other states.

"(c) Where the Superior Court has reason to believe proceedings may be pending in another state, it shall direct an inquiry to the state court administrator or other appropriate official of the other state.

"(d) If the Superior Court is informed during the course of the proceeding that a proceeding concerning the custody of the child was pending in another state before the court assumed jurisdiction, it shall stay the proceeding and communicate with the court in which the other proceeding is pending to the end that the issue may be litigated in the more appropriate forum and that information be exchanged in accordance with sections 16-4519 through 16-4522.

"(e) If the Superior Court has made a custody decree before being informed of a pending proceeding in a court of another state, it shall immediately inform that court of the

fact. If the Superior Court is informed that a proceeding was commenced in another state after it assumed jurisdiction it shall likewise inform the other court to the end that the issues may be litigated in the more appropriate forum.

"Sec. 16-4507. Inconvenient forum.

"(a) The Superior Court may decline to exercise its jurisdiction any time before making a decree if it finds that it is an inconvenient forum to make a custody determination under the circumstances of the case and that a court of another state is a more appropriate forum.

"(b) A finding of inconvenient forum may be made upon the Superior Court's own motion or upon the motion of a party or a guardian ad litem or other representative of the child.

"(c) In determining if it is an inconvenient forum, the court shall consider if it is in the interest of the child that another state assume jurisdiction. For this purpose it may take into account the following factors, among others:

"(1) If another state is or recently was the child's home state;

"(2) If another state has a closer connection with the child and his or her family or with the child and 1 or more of the petitioners;

"(3) If substantial evidence concerning the child's present or future care, protection, training, and personal relationships is more available in another state;

"(4) If the parties have agreed on another forum

which is no less appropriate; and

"(5) If the exercise of jurisdiction by the Superior Court would contravene any of the purposes stated in section 16-4501, or any of the provisions of the Parental Kidnapping Prevention Act of 1980 (94 Stat. 3568).

"(d) Before determining whether to decline or retain jurisdiction the Superior Court may communicate with a court of another state and exchange information pertinent to the assumption of jurisdiction by either court with a view to assuring that jurisdiction will be exercised by the more appropriate court and that a forum will be available to the parties.

"(e) If the Superior Court finds that it is an inconvenient forum and that a court of another state is a more appropriate forum, it may dismiss the proceedings, or it may stay the proceedings upon condition that a custody proceeding be promptly commenced in another named state or upon any other conditions which may be just and proper, including the condition that a moving party stipulate his or her consent and submission to the jurisdiction of the other forum.

"(f) The Superior Court may decline to exercise its jurisdiction under this chapter if a custody determination is incidental to an action for divorce or another proceeding while retaining jurisdiction over the divorce or other proceeding.

"(g) If it appears to the Superior Court that it is clearly an inappropriate forum, it may require the party who

commenced the proceedings to pay, in addition to the costs of the proceedings in the District, necessary travel and other expenses, including attorneys' fees, incurred by other parties or their witnesses. Payment is to be made to the Superior Court for remittance to the proper party.

"(h) Upon dismissal or stay of proceedings under this section, the Superior Court shall inform the court found to be the more appropriate forum of this fact or, if the court which would have jurisdiction in the other state is not certainly known, shall transmit the information to the court administrator or other appropriate official for forwarding to the appropriate court.

"(i) Any communication received from another state informing the District of a finding of inconvenient forum, because the Superior Court is a more appropriate forum, shall be filed in the Superior Court. Upon assuming jurisdiction the Superior Court shall inform the original court of this fact.

"Sec. 16-4508. Jurisdiction declined by reason of conduct.

"(a) If the petitioner seeking an initial decree from the Superior Court has wrongfully taken the child from another state or has engaged in similar reprehensible conduct, the Superior Court may decline to exercise jurisdiction if this is just and proper under the circumstances.

"(b) Unless required in the interest of the child, the Superior Court shall not exercise its jurisdiction to modify

a custody decree of another state if the petitioner, without consent of the person entitled to custody, has improperly removed the child from the physical custody of the person entitled to custody or has improperly retained the child after a visit or other temporary relinquishment of physical custody. If the petitioner has violated any other provision of a custody decree of another state the Superior Court may decline to exercise its jurisdiction if this is just and proper under the circumstances.

"(c) In appropriate cases where the Superior Court dismisses a petition under this section, the Superior Court may charge the petitioner seeking the decree from the Superior Court with necessary travel and other expenses, including attorneys' fees, incurred by other parties or their witnesses.

"Sec. 16-4509. Information under oath to be submitted to the Superior Court.

"(a) Every party in a custody proceeding, in his or her 1st pleading or in an affidavit attached to that pleading, shall give information under oath as to the child's present address, the places where the child has lived within the last 5 years, and the names and present addresses of the persons with whom the child has lived during that period. In this pleading or affidavit every party shall further declare under oath whether:

"(1) He or she has participated (as a party, witness, or in any other capacity) in any other litigation concerning the custody of the same child in the District or

any other state;

"(2) He or she has information of any custody proceeding concerning the child pending in the Superior Court or any other state; and

"(3) He or she knows of any person not a party to the proceedings who has physical custody of the child or claims to have custody or visitation rights with respect to the child.

"(b) If the declaration as to any of the above items is in the affirmative, the declarant shall give additional information under oath as required by the Superior Court.

"(c) The Superior Court may examine the parties under oath as to details of the information furnished and as to other matters pertinent to the Superior Court's exercise of jurisdiction and the disposition of the case.

"(d) Each party has a continuing duty to inform the Superior Court of any custody proceeding concerning the child in the District or any other state of which he or she obtained information during the proceeding in the Superior Court.

"Sec. 16-4510. Additional parties.

"(a) If the Superior Court learns from information furnished by the parties pursuant to section 16-4509 or from other sources that a person not a party to the custody proceeding has physical custody of the child or claims to have custody or visitation rights with respect to the child, it shall order that person to be joined as a party and to be duly notified of the pendency of the proceeding and of his

or her joinder as a party.

"(b) If the person joined as a party is outside the District, he or she shall be served with process or otherwise notified in accordance with section 16-4505.

"Sec. 16-4511. Appearance of parties and the child.

"(a) The Superior Court may order any party to the proceeding who is in the District to appear personally before the Superior Court. If that party has physical custody of the child, the Superior Court may order that he or she appear personally with the child.

"(b) If a party to the proceeding whose presence is desired by the Superior Court is outside the District with or without the child, the Superior Court may order that the notice given under section 16-4505 include a statement directing that party to appear personally with or without the child and declaring that failure to appear may result in the decision adverse to that party.

"(c) If a party to the proceeding who is outside the District is directed to appear under subsection (b) or desires to appear personally before the Superior Court with or without the child, the Superior Court may require another party to pay to the Superior Court travel and other necessary expenses of the party so appearing and of the child if this is just and proper under the circumstances.

"Sec. 16-4512. Binding force and res judicata effect of custody decree.

"A custody decree rendered by the Superior Court under section 16-4503 binds all parties who have been served in

the District or notified in accordance with section 16-4505 or who have submitted to the jurisdiction of the Superior Court, and who have been given an opportunity to be heard. As to these parties the custody decree is prima facie evidence of the contents therein contained as to all issues of law and fact decided and as to the custody determination made unless and until that determination is modified pursuant to law, including the provisions of this chapter.

"Sec. 16-4513. Recognition of out-of-state custody decrees.

"The Superior Court shall recognize and enforce an initial or modification decree of a court of another state which had assumed jurisdiction under statutory provisions substantially in accordance with this chapter or which was made under factual circumstances meeting the jurisdictional standards substantially similar to those of this chapter, so long as this decree has not been modified in accordance with jurisdictional standards substantially similar to those in this chapter.

"Sec. 16-4514. Modification of custody decree of another state.

"(a) If a court of another state has made a custody decree, the Superior Court shall not modify that decree unless (1) it appears to the Superior Court that the court which rendered the decree presently does not have jurisdiction under jurisdictional prerequisites substantially in accordance with this chapter or has declined to assume jurisdiction to modify the decree, and

(2) the Superior Court may exercise jurisdiction consistent with this chapter.

"(b) If the Superior Court is authorized under subsection (a) and section 16-4508 to modify a custody decree of another state, it shall give due consideration to the transcript of the record and other documents of all previous proceedings submitted to it in accordance with section 16-4522.

"Sec. 16-4515. Filing and enforcement of custody decree of another state.

"(a) A certified copy of a custody decree of another state may be filed in the Superior Court.

"(b) The certified decree shall be treated in the same manner as a custody decree of the Superior Court.

"(c) A custody decree so filed has the same effect and shall be enforced in the same manner as a custody decree rendered by the Superior Court.

"(d) A person violating a custody decree of another state which makes it necessary to enforce the decree in the District may be required to pay necessary travel and other expenses, including attorneys' fees, incurred by the party entitled to the custody or his or her witnesses.

"Sec. 16-4516. Registry of out-of-date custody decrees and proceedings.

"The Superior Court shall maintain a registry containing the following:

"(a) Certified copies of custody decrees of other states received for filing;

"(b) Communications as to the pendency of custody proceedings in other states;

"(c) Communications concerning a finding of inconvenient forum by a court of another state; and

"(d) Other communications or documents concerning custody proceedings in another state which may affect the exercise of jurisdiction by the Superior Court or the disposition to be made by it in a custody proceeding.

"Sec. 16-4517. Certified copies of custody decree.

"The Superior Court, at the request of the court of another state or at the request of any person who is affected by or has a legitimate interest in a custody decree, shall certify and forward a copy of the decree to that court or person.

"Sec. 16-4518. Taking testimony in another state.

"(a) In addition to other procedural devices available to a party, any party to the proceeding or a guardian ad litem or other representative of the child may adduce testimony of witnesses, including parties and the child, by deposition or otherwise, in another state.

"(b) The Superior Court on its own motion may direct that the testimony of a person be taken in another state and may prescribe the manner in which and the terms upon which the testimony shall be taken.

"Sec. 16-4519. Hearings and studies in another state; orders to appear.

"(a) The Superior Court may request the appropriate court of another state to hold a hearing to adduce evidence,

to order a party to produce or give evidence under other procedures of that state, or to have social studies made with respect to the custody of a child involved in proceedings pending in the Superior Court, and to forward to the Superior Court certified copies of the transcript of the record of the hearing, the evidence otherwise adduced, or any social studies prepared in compliance with the request. The costs of the services may be assessed against the parties.

"(b) The Superior Court may request the appropriate court of another state to order a party to custody proceedings pending in the Superior Court to appear in the proceedings, and if the party has physical custody of the child, to appear with the child.

"(c) The request pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) may state that travel and other necessary expenses of the party and of the child whose appearance is desired will be assessed against another party or will otherwise be paid.

"Sec. 16-4520. Assistance to courts of other states.

"(a) Upon request of the court of another state, the Superior Court may order a person in the District to appear at a hearing to adduce evidence or to produce or give evidence under other procedures available in the District, or may order social studies to be made for use in a custody proceeding in another state.

"(b) A certified copy of the transcript of the record of the hearing of the evidence otherwise adduced and any social studies prepared pursuant to subsection (a) shall be

forwarded by the Superior Court to the requesting court.

"(c) A person within the District may voluntarily give his or her testimony or statement in the District for use in a custody proceeding outside the District.

"(d) Upon request of the court of another state, the Superior Court may order a person in the District to appear alone or with the child in a custody proceeding in another state.

"(e) The Superior Court may condition compliance with the request pursuant to subsection (d) upon assurance by the other state that travel and other necessary expenses will be advanced or reimbursed.

"Sec. 16-4521. Preservation of documents for use in other states.

"In any custody proceeding in the District, the Superior Court shall preserve the pleadings, orders, decrees, any record that has been made of its hearings, social studies, and other pertinent documents at least until the child reaches 21 years of age. Upon appropriate request of the court of another state, the Superior Court shall forward to the other court certified copies of any or all of these documents.

"Sec. 16-4522. Request for court records of another state.

"If a custody decree has been rendered in another state concerning a child involved in a custody proceeding pending in a court of the District, the Superior Court upon taking jurisdiction of the case shall request of the court of the

other state a certified copy of the transcript of any court record and other documents mentioned in section 16-4521.

"Sec. 16-4523. International application.

"The provisions of this chapter relating to the recognition and enforcement of custody decrees of other states apply to custody decrees involving legal institutions similar in nature to custody institutions rendered by appropriate authorities of other nations if reasonable notice and opportunity to be heard were given to all affected persons.

"Sec. 16-4524. Severability.

"If any provision of this chapter's application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, its invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of the chapter which can be given effect without the invalid provision or applications, and to this end the provisions of this chapter are severable."

Sec. 3. D.C. Code, sec. 13-336 is amended by redesignating paragraphs (3) through (7) as paragraphs (4) through (8), respectively, and by inserting a new paragraph (3) to read as follows:

D.C. Code,
sec. 13-336

"(3) actions for child custody under D.C. Code, title 16, chapter 45;"

Sec. 4. D.C. Code, sec. 13-423(a) is amended as follows:

D.C. Code,
sec. 13-423

(a) Paragraph (5) is amended by striking the word "or";

(b) Paragraph (6) is amended by striking the period at

the end thereof and inserting the phrase "; or" in lieu thereof; and

(c) A new paragraph (7) is added at the end thereof to read as follows:

"(7) marital or parent and child relationship in the District of Columbia if:

"(A) the plaintiff resides in the District of Columbia at the time the suit is filed;

"(B) such person is personally served with process; and

"(C) in the case of a claim arising from a marital relationship:

"(i) the District of Columbia was the matrimonial domicile of the parties immediately prior to their separation, or

"(ii) the cause of action to pay spousal support arose under the laws of the District of Columbia or under an agreement executed by the parties in the District of Columbia; or

"(D) in the case of a claim affecting the parent and child relationship:

"(i) the child was conceived in the District of Columbia and such person is the parent or alleged parent of the child;

"(ii) the child resides in the District of Columbia as a result of the acts, directives, or approval of such person; or

"(iii) such person has resided with the


child in the District of Columbia.

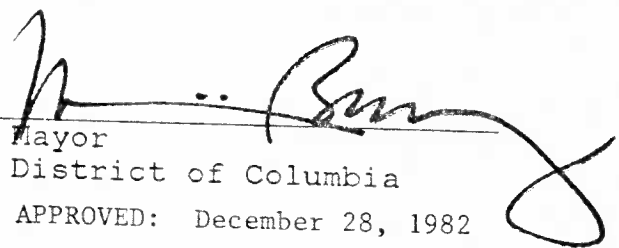
"(E) Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraphs (A) through (D), the court may exercise personal jurisdiction if there is any basis consistent with the United States Constitution for the exercise of personal jurisdiction."

Sec. 5.

This act shall take effect after a 30-day period of Congressional review following approval by the Mayor (or in the event of veto by the Mayor, action by the Council of the District of Columbia to override the veto) as provided in section 602(c)(1) of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act, approved December 24, 1973 (87 Stat. 813; D.C. Code, sec. 1-233(c)(1)).

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Chairman
Council of the District of Columbia


Mayor
District of Columbia
APPROVED: December 28, 1982



COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Council Period Four
Second Session

DOCKET NO: B 4-237

Item on Consent Calendar

ACTION: Adopted First Reading, 11-16-82

VOICE VOTE: Unanimous

Absent: Shackleton

ROLL CALL VOTE:

COUNCIL MEMBER	AYE	NAY	N.V.	A.B.	COUNCIL MEMBER	AYE	NAY	N.V.	A.B.	COUNCIL MEMBER	AYE	NAY	N.V.	A.B.
CHMN. DIXON					KANE					SHACKLETON				
WINTER					MASON					SPAULDING				
CLARKE					MOORE, JR.					WILSON				
CRAWFORD					RAY									
JARVIS					ROLARK									

X - Indicates Vote A.B. - Absent N.V. - Not Voting

CERTIFICATION OF RECORD

William B. Cunningham
Secretary to the Council

12/16/82
Date

Item on Consent Calendar

ACTION: Adopted Final Reading, 12-14-82

VOICE VOTE: Unanimous

Absent: Wilson

ROLL CALL VOTE:

COUNCIL MEMBER	AYE	NAY	N.V.	A.B.	COUNCIL MEMBER	AYE	NAY	N.V.	A.B.	COUNCIL MEMBER	AYE	NAY	N.V.	A.B.
CHMN. DIXON					KANE					SHACKLETON				
WINTER					MASON					SPAULDING				
CLARKE					MOORE, JR.					WILSON				
CRAWFORD					RAY									
JARVIS					ROLARK									

X - Indicates Vote A.B. - Absent N.V. - Not Voting

CERTIFICATION OF RECORD

William B. Cunningham
Secretary to the Council

12/16/82
Date

Item on Consent Calendar

ACTION: _____

VOICE VOTE: _____

Absent: _____

ROLL CALL VOTE:

COUNCIL MEMBER	AYE	NAY	N.V.	A.B.	COUNCIL MEMBER	AYE	NAY	N.V.	A.B.	COUNCIL MEMBER	AYE	NAY	N.V.	A.B.
CHMN. DIXON					KANE					SHACKLETON				
WINTER					MASON					SPAULDING				
CLARKE					MOORE, JR.					WILSON				
CRAWFORD					RAY									
JARVIS					ROLARK									

X - Indicates Vote A.B. - Absent N.V. - Not Voting